#### What is Computer Graphics?

- Objectives
  - We explore what computer graphics is about and survey some application areas
  - We start with a historical introduction

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## **Computer Graphics**

- Computer graphics deals with all aspects of creating images with a computer
  - Hardware
  - Software
  - Applications

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#### **Example**

•Where did this image come from?



What hardware/software did we need to produce it?

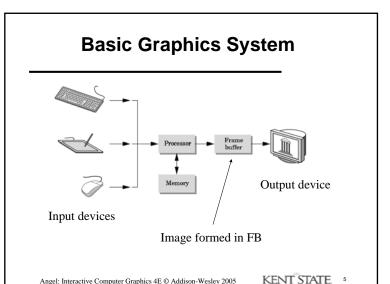
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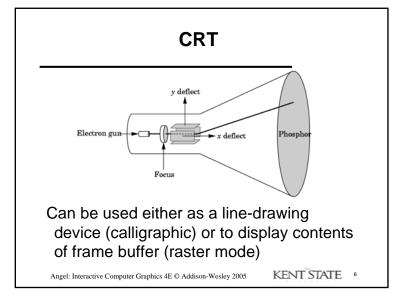
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## **Preliminary Answer**

- Application: The object is an artist's rendition of the sun for an animation to be shown in a domed environment (planetarium)
- Software: Maya for modeling and rendering but Maya is built on top of OpenGL
- Hardware: PC with graphics card for modeling and rendering

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# Computer Graphics: 1950-1960

•Computer graphics goes back to the earliest days of computing

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- Strip charts
- Pen plotters
- Simple displays using A/D converters to go from computer to calligraphic CRT
- •Cost of refresh for CRT too high
  - Computers slow, expensive, unreliable

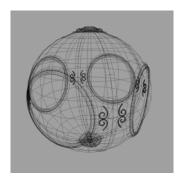
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# **Computer Graphics: 1960-1970**

- Wireframe graphics
  - Draw only lines
- Sketchpad
- Display Processors
- Storage tube

wireframe representation of sun object



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#### **Sketchpad**

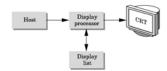
- Ivan Sutherland's PhD thesis at MIT
  - Recognized the potential of man-machine interaction
  - Loop
    - · Display something
    - User moves light pen
    - · Computer generates new display
  - Sutherland also created many of the now common algorithms for computer graphics

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#### **Display Processor**

 Rather than have the host computer try to refresh display use a special purpose computer called a display processor (DPU)



- Graphics stored in display list (display file) on display processor
- Host compiles display list and sends to DPU

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## **Direct View Storage Tube**

- Created by Tektronix
  - Did not require constant refresh
  - Standard interface to computers
    - · Allowed for standard software
    - Plot3D in Fortran
  - Relatively inexpensive
    - Opened door to use of computer graphics for CAD community

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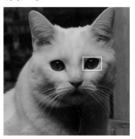
## **Computer Graphics: 1970-1980**

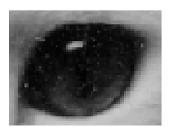
- Raster Graphics
- Beginning of graphics standards
  - IFIPS
    - GKS: European effort
      - Becomes ISO 2D standard
    - · Core: North American effort
      - 3D but fails to become ISO standard
- Workstations and PCs

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## **Raster Graphics**

 Image produced as an array (the raster) of picture elements (pixels) in the frame buffer





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## **Raster Graphics**

 Allows us to go from lines and wire frame images to filled polygons



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#### **PCs and Workstations**

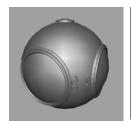
- Although we no longer make the distinction between workstations and PCs, historically they evolved from different roots
  - Early workstations characterized by
    - Networked connection: client-server model
    - High-level of interactivity
  - Early PCs included frame buffer as part of user memory
    - · Easy to change contents and create images

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# **Computer Graphics: 1980-1990**

Realism comes to computer graphics







environment mapping



bump mapping

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#### **Computer Graphics: 1980-1990**

- Special purpose hardware
  - Silicon Graphics geometry engine
    - VLSI implementation of graphics pipeline
- Industry-based standards
  - PHIGS
  - RenderMan
- •Networked graphics: X Window System
- Human-Computer Interface (HCI)

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## **Computer Graphics: 2000-**

- Photorealism
- Graphics cards for PCs dominate market
  ATL OBLAND
  - Nvidia, ATI, 3DLabs
- Game boxes and game players determine direction of market
- Computer graphics routine in movie industry: Maya, Lightwave
- Programmable pipelines

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## **Computer Graphics: 1990-2000**

- OpenGL API
- Completely computer-generated featurelength movies (Toy Story) are successful
- New hardware capabilities
  - Texture mapping
  - Blending
  - Accumulation, stencil buffers

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