

TQL: A Query Language to Support Traceability

Software Development Laboratory <SDML> Jonathan I. Maletic Michael L. Collard



o Models are represented in XML

 Any structured/semi-structured type of model is supported

Artifact	Model
Source code	srcML [Maletic et al. 02]
UML design documents	classML
Requirements	UseCaseML
•	•



o XPath forms address paths between elements of models

o Links are stored external to models

- Original model is preserved
- Multiple views are possible



• • • Traceability Link Model

link]
	metadata
-id : Xml:id	-creationMode
-title : string	linkRationale
-description : string	-authorInfo
-validationDateTimeStamp : Date	-createDateTimeStamp
-stabilityLevel : int -priority : int	-lastmodifiedDateTimeStamp
	locator
*	* -base : metamodel_path
(-href : xpointer_expression
relationship	
-from : label	
-to : label	linklype
-role : linkType	
-description : string	-rationale
-isDirected : bool	-category







Sample Link

Sample Link Record

id	myex1]
stability	1]
priority	1]
valid-date	1/14/2007 12:43:20EDT]
title	method name must match]
metadata	ex1.dcmi.xml	1
from-locator	Mailbox::Validate_Password	V
	in classML	ر
to-locator	Mailbox::Validate_Password	h
	in srcML (.cpp file)	5
to-locator	Mailbox::Validate_Password	h
	in srcML (.h file)	Л
arity	n-ary, unidirectional	`
directed	yes]
role	must-agree]









- o art:UseCase()
- o art:Requirement()
- o art:Design()
- o art:Code()
- o art:TestCase()
- o art:BugReport()



Traceability Primitives

o tql:traceTo(source, sink)

• Returns all the artifacts in the traceability graph in the set source that trace directly or indirectly to an artifact in the set sink.

o tql:traceFrom(sink, source)

- Returns all the artifacts in the traceability graph in the set *sink* that trace directly or indirectly from an artifact in the set *source*.
- o Computes transitive closure



o tql:link(source, sink)

- Transitive closure of all links between the two sets of artifacts
- o tql:directlink(source, sink)
 - Just directly linked artifacts
- o tql:link(artifact)
 - All links to or from an artifact
- o tql:artifact(links)
 - All artifacts involved in a given set of links



Are all requirements SDML>

set:difference(Requirement(), traceFrom(Requirement(), TestCase()))



Are all non-functional requirements addressed by one or more parts of the implementation?

```
tql:traceTo(
 Requirement()[NFR()],
 Code())
```

```
tql:traceTo(
 Requirement()[NFR()],
 tql:traceTo(TestCase()
     Code()))
```



Which parts of code covered by a requirement have documented pre and post condition?

tql:traceFrom(
 Requirement(R),
 Code()//src:function
 [@requires | @ensures])



Are any test cases SDML>

```
set:difference(
 Requirement(),
 tql:traceTo(
        Requirement(),
        TestCase()))
```



What is the impact of changing a requirement on the safety of the system?

```
tql:impactAnalysis(
tql:traceFrom(
   Code(),
   Tql:traceFrom(
       Design(),
       Requirement(R))))
```



 Constraint based mechanism to indicate when artifacts are inconsistent with one another [Reiss 2002, 2005, 2006]

o Consistency Checkers - xLinkit [Nentwich et al. 2002]

o Policy centric approach - ArchTrace [Murta et al. 2006]



Conclusions & Future

- o Working on implementation release as a tool
- o Working on other primitives
- Applying to commercial software system
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