

Process

- **What is a Process?**
- **Process States and Life Cycle**
- **Process Scheduling**

Os-slide#1

What is a Process?

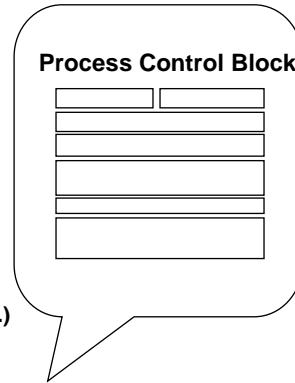
- **A process is a program in execution**
- **A process is not the same as “program”**
 - ◆ A program is a passive text of executable codes resides in disk.
 - ◆ A process is an active entity ripe for execution (must have a program counter, stack and data section).
 - ◆ Multiple people can run the same program, each running a copy of the same program text, but each is a distinct process.
- **Type (HP Unix):**
 - %ps shows all my processes with little detail
 - %ps -fl more detail
 - %ps -efl all processes with full detail
- **User and OS processes**
 - ◆ jobs (batch system), tasks (time shared system), process (generic)

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Process (Continued..)

- The process must have (at least):

- ◆ ID
- ◆ Code of the program
- ◆ Program's static data
- ◆ Program's dynamic data
- ◆ Content of Program Counter (PC)
- ◆ Content of Stack Pointer (SP)
- ◆ Content of Program Status Word (PSW)
- ◆ Content of general purpose registers
- ◆ CPU scheduling information
- ◆ Memory management info (memory limits etc.)
- ◆ Accounting information
- ◆ I/O status information



Process Creation/ Termination

- Reasons for process creation:

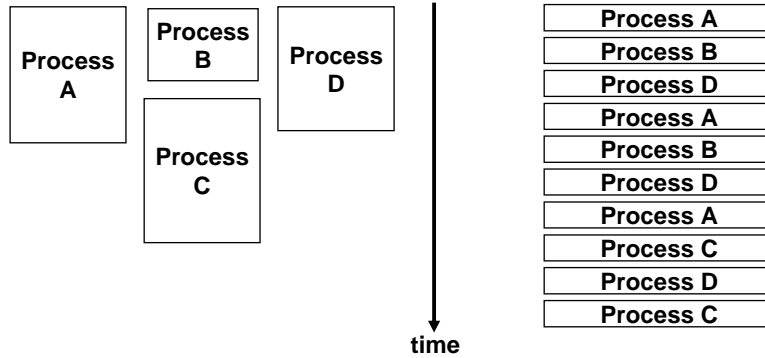
- ◆ New batch job
- ◆ user starts a program
- ◆ OS creates process to provide a service
- ◆ Program starts another process

- Reasons for process termination:

- | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Normal completion | Exceed time limit | I/O failure |
| Memory unavailable | Bounds violation | |
| Protection error | Arithmetic error | |
| Privileged instruction | Invalid instruction | |
| Human intervention | Parent termination | |
| Parent request | | |

Process Execution

- Conceptual model of Processes executing:
- Actual interleaved execution of the 4 processes:

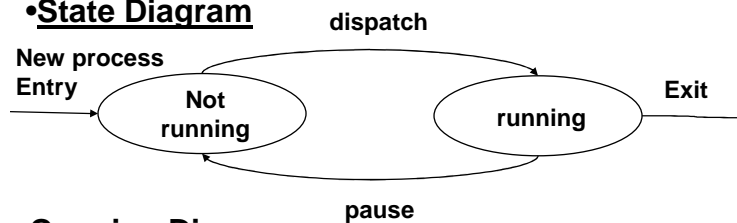


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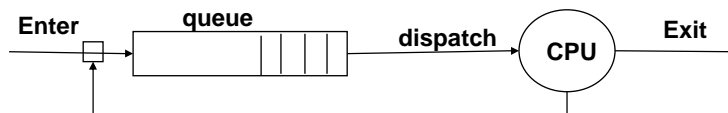
A Two State Process Model

- A Process is either “running” or “not running”

•State Diagram



•Queuing Diagram



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Process Waiting

- **Some reasons why a process that might otherwise be running needs to wait:**
 - ◆ Wait for user to type the next key
 - ◆ Wait for output to appear on the screen
 - ◆ program tried to read a file
 - ◆ Netscape tried to follow a link (URL)

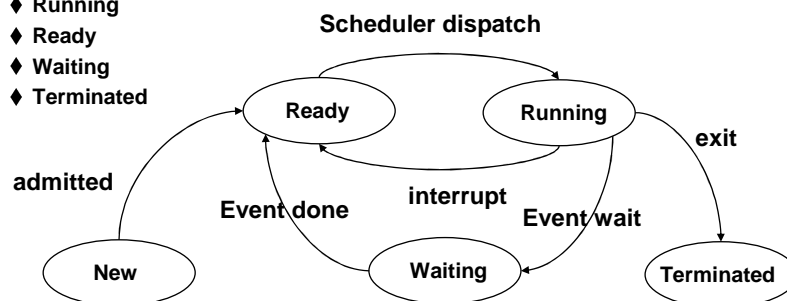
- **OS Must distinguish between:**
 - ◆ Processes that are ready to run, and waiting for the time slice.
 - ◆ Processes that are waiting for something to happen.

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Five State Process Model

- **States:**

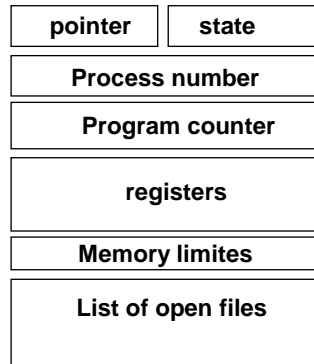
- ◆ New
- ◆ Running
- ◆ Ready
- ◆ Waiting
- ◆ Terminated



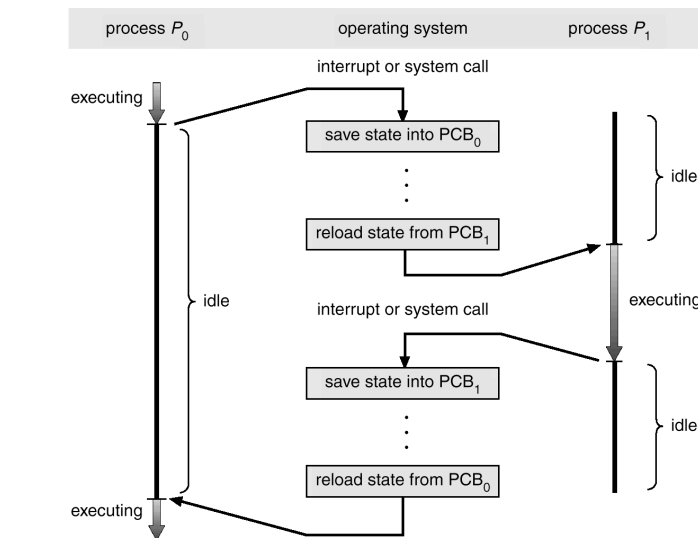
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Process Control Block

- For Every process OS maintains a data structure that represents the process and its states
- Process ID
 - ◆ State
 - ◆ User IP owner
 - ◆ PC, SP, PSW and other registers
 - ◆ memory management info
 - ◆ list of open files
 - ◆ IO states
 - ◆ CPU scheduling (priority)

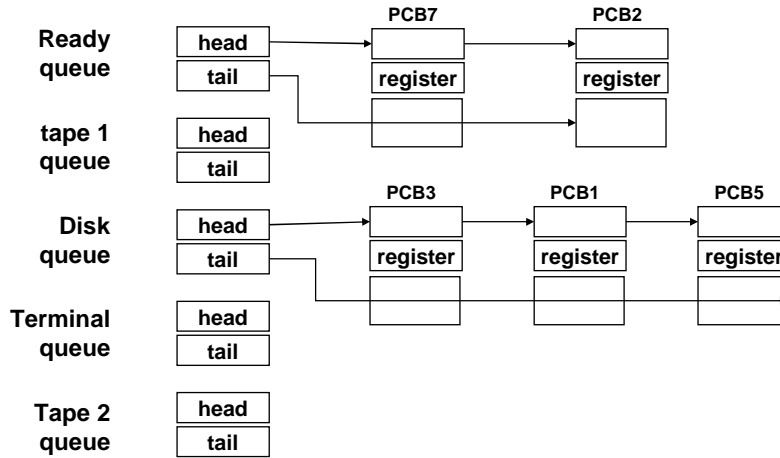


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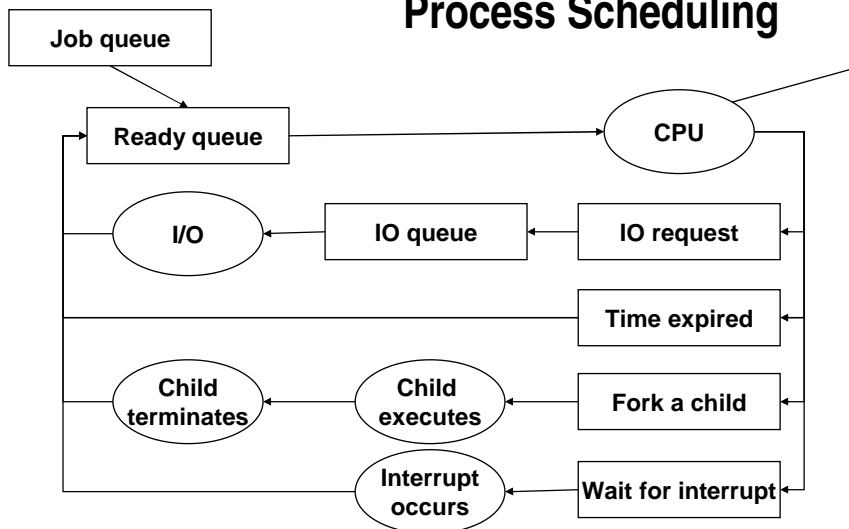
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Ready Queue and Other I/O Device Queues



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Process Scheduling



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Next Class..

- **Operation on processes**
- **Cooperating processes**
- **Process Communication**
- **Threads**