

Data Representation

■ Number systems

- Grouping systems
 - Roman numerals (e.g, C, L, X, V, I)
 - Coins (e.g., quarter, dime, nickel, penny)
 - Order is generally not important
 - No zero
- Positional number systems
 - Base 10 (decimal)
 - Base 2 (binary)
 - Order is important
 - Zero is used as a placeholder

■ Encoding = symbolic representation of a value, in some specified number of digits, in some specified alphabet

- Number (integers)
- Characters

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Positional Number Systems

■ Base 10 (decimal)

$$1396 = 1 \cdot 10^3 + 3 \cdot 10^2 + 9 \cdot 10^1 + 6 \cdot 10^0$$

■ Base 2 (binary)

$$\begin{aligned} 1101_2 &= 1 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 0 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0 \\ &= 1 \cdot 8 + 1 \cdot 4 + 0 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 1 \\ &= 13_{10} \end{aligned}$$

■ Base 8 (octal)

$$\begin{aligned} 173_8 &= 1 \cdot 8^2 + 7 \cdot 8^1 + 3 \cdot 8^0 \\ &= 1 \cdot 64 + 7 \cdot 8 + 3 \cdot 1 \\ &= 123_{10} \end{aligned}$$

■ Base 16 (hexadecimal) (A=10, B=11...)

$$\begin{aligned} 7B_{16} &= 7 \cdot 16^1 + 11 \cdot 16^0 \\ &= 123_{10} \end{aligned}$$

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Converting Base 2 to Bases 8 or 16

■ Keep in mind the conversions

$$\begin{aligned} 000 &= 0, 001 = 1, 010 = 2, 011 = 3 \\ 100 &= 4, 101 = 5, 110 = 6, 111 = 7 \\ 1000 &= 8, 1001 = 9, 1010 = A, 1011 = B \\ 1100 &= C, 1101 = D, 1110 = E, 1111 = F \end{aligned}$$

■ And remember that

- 3 bits correspond to one digit in base 8
- 4 bits correspond to one digit in base 16

■ Then simply “repartition” to convert

- Convert 1111011_2 to base 8
 $\underline{001} / 111 / 011 = 173_8$
- Convert 173_8 to base 16
 $\underline{001} / 111 / 011 =$
 $\underline{0111} / 1011 = 7B_{16}$

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Converting Base 10 to Other Bases

■ Converting to base 8 the hard way:

- Figure out how many (say) 512s, how many 64s, how many 8s, how many 1s

■ Better algorithm for converting to base 8:

- Repeatedly divide (integer division) by 8
 - Use the quotient in the next division
 - Use the remainder to form the converted value, starting with the least significant digit
 - Stop after quotient of 0 is reached
- Example: convert 123 to base 8
 - $123 / 8 = 15$, remainder of 3
 - $15 / 8 = 1$, remainder of 7
 - $1 / 8 = 0$, remainder of 1
 - Answer: $123_{10} = 173_8$

■ Converting to base 2 is similar (although more time-consuming)

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Converting Base 10 Fractions to Other Bases

- In text, explanation on page 12 is overly complicated
- Converting a base 10 fraction to base 8:
 - Repeatedly *multiply* by 8
 - Use the *fractional part of the result* in the next multiplication
 - Use the *integer part of the result* to form the converted fraction, starting with the *most significant digit*
 - Stop after fractional part of result reaches a value of 0
 - Example: convert 0.6875 to base 8
 - $0.6875 \times 8 = 5.5$ so far: 0.5_8
 - $0.5 \times 8 = 4.0$ so far: 0.54_8
 - Answer: $0.6875_{10} = 0.54_8$
- Converting to base 2 is similar (although more time-consuming)

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Worksheet

- Convert to decimal:

1011011_2	24_8
14_{16}	$1F7_{16}$
10.101_2	3.74_8
- Perform conversion shown:
 - 234_{10} to base 8
 - $F3_{16}$ to base 2
 - $27E_{16}$ to base 8
 - 0.9375_{10} to base 8

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Homework #1 — Due 9/14/98 (Part 1)

- Convert the following to decimal:

1101_2	244_8	$2B9_{16}$
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- Convert the following to binary:

89_{10}	$1C4_{16}$	56_8
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- Convert the following to octal:

12.484375_{10}	1010_2	$9E7_{16}$
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