

- Very fast faster than general logic, since it's only a single level of logic
- Delay is predictable each RAM block is not scattered throughout the chip as in some FPGAs
- Can be used to create complex logic functions such as multipliers (e.g., a 4x4 multiplier with 8 inputs and 8 outputs), microcontrollers, large state machines, and DSPs
- Each EAB can be used independently, or combined to implement larger functions

- following sizes:
 - 256x8, 512x4, 1024x2, or 2048x1
- To get larger blocks, combine multiple EABs:
 - Example: combine two 256x8 RAM blocks to form a 256x16 RAM block
 - Example: combine two 512x4 RAM blocks to form a 512x8 RAM block
 - Can even combine all EABs on the chip into one big RAM block
 - Can combine so as to form blocks up to 2048 words without impacting timing

Altera FLEX 10K Embedded Array Blocks (cont.)

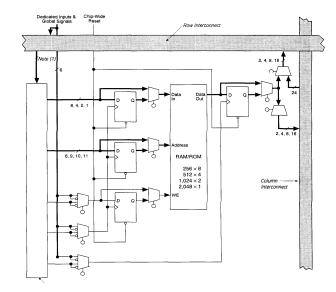


Figure from Altera technical literature

- EAB gets input from a row channel, and can output to up to 2 row channels and 2 column channels
- Input and output buffers are available

APEX LABs and Interconnect

- Logic Array Block (LAB)
 - 10 LEs

5

- Interleaved local interconnect (each LE connects to 2 local interconnect, each local interconnect connects to 10 LEs)
 - Each LE can connect to 29 other Les through local interconnect
- Logic Element (LE)
 - 4-input LUT, carry chain, cascade chain, same as FLEX devices
 - Synchronous and asynchronous load and clear logic
- Interconnect
 - MegaLAB interconnect between 16 LABs, etc. inside each MegaLAB
 - FastTrack row and column interconnect between MegaLABs

Altera APEX 20K Overview

- APEX 20K chip contains:
 - 256–3,456 LABs, each of which contains 10 Logic Elements (LEs), so a chip contains 2,560–51,840 Les, 162,000–2,391,552 usable gates
 - 16–216 Embedded System Blocks (EABs), each of which can provide 32,768–442,368 bits of memory
 - Can implement CAM, RAM, dual-port RAM, ROM, and FIFO
- Organization:
 - MultiCore architecture, combining LUT, product-terms, & memory in one structure
 - Designed for "system on a chip"
 - MegaLAB structures, each of which contains 16 LABs, one ESB, and a MegaLAB interconnect (for routing within the MegaLAB)
 - ESB provides product terms <u>or</u> memory

Spring 2000, Lecture 20

APEX Embedded System Blocks (ESBs)

- Each ESB can act as a macrocell and provide product terms
 - Each ESB gets 32 inputs from local interconnect, from adjacent LAB or MegaLAB interconnect
 - In this mode, each ESB contains 16 macrocells, and each macrocell contains 2 product terms and a programmable register (parallel expanders also provided)
- Each ESB can also act as a memory block (dual-port RAM, ROM, FIFO, or CAM memory) configured in various sizes
 - Inputs from adjacent local interconnect, which can be driven from MegaLAB or FastTrack interconnect
 - Outputs to MegaLAB and FastTrack, some outputs to local interconnect

Spring 2000, Lecture 20