cs23020 "Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming"

OUIZ # 1 9/3/99

each question is worth 1 points

- 1. Objects are used for all points below BUT
  - a) make the source code (programs) more structured
  - b) make the source code easy to understand
  - c) make the source code more easy to use
  - d) make the source code more safe to use
  - e) make the source code compile with object oriented compiler like q++
- 2. An idea that an object should display (make visible and useable by other objects) only the properties that are external to it while hiding the internal properties is called:
  - a) abstraction
  - b) encapsulation
  - c) modularity
  - d) hierarchy
  - e) none of the above
- 3. code that can be run directly by the computer is called:
  - a) source code
  - b) object code
  - c) executable code
  - d) either b) or c)
  - e) a) and b)
- 4. a line in the source code where where the debugger suspends the execution of the program is called:
  - a) display
  - b) executable
  - c) source
  - d) variable
  - e) breakpoint
- 5. a command-line option to be used with g++ compiler so that it produces a file that can be used with the gdb is:
  - b) -g
  - c) -a
  - d) -d
  - a) -a
- 6. command "step" in GNU debugger is used to:
  - a) advance the program execution one line
  - b) quit the debugger
  - c) increase the value of the displayed variable one step
  - d) "step up" (that is increase) the speed of program execution
  - e) there is no such command
- 7. command "display" in GNU debugger is used to:
  - a) run the program being traced
  - b) print the value of a variable and continue to run the program
  - c) print the value of a variable every time the execution of the debugged program is suspended
  - d) display the several lines of the source code
  - e) none of the above

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- 8. to start the execution of a program in GNU debugger one needs to type the following command:
  - a) start
  - b) run
  - c) print
  - d) step
  - e) execute
- 9. the comments are put in the source program
  - a) to aid the compiler in producing the executable code
    - b) to make the executable code more efficient
  - c) to help programmers better understand the source program
  - d) to make tracing the program with a debugger easier
  - e) so that a make file can be used to compile the program
- 10. all of the following statements about the "make" utility are correct BUT:
  - a) make is used to make working on programming projects easier
  - b) when started make reads a file called Makefile located in current directory and follows the instructions written there
  - c) Makefile consists of batches of commands, each name is called a goal
  - d) there can be only one goal in a Makefile
  - e) all of the above is correct